

On Proof Complexity of Resolution over PC

Erfan Khaniki

Charles University

Institute of Math. of CAS

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- One of the ultimate goals of Proof Complexity is to Prove super poly LB for the length of proofs in any PPS.

- It is possible to introduce different P.P.S. based on the complexity of functions (in terms of definability) that appear in each line of a Proof.

Res AC^0 -Frege

CP $AC^0[\oplus]$ -Frege

PC Frege

- One hope is that if we understand functions in a class Ω , then we can prove LB for Ω -Proofs

• Strong LB for $AC^0[\oplus]$ circuits are known (since 1986)
but no LB is known for $AC^0[\oplus]$ -Frege

• What about reasonable subsystems of $AC^0[\oplus]$ -Frege or similar P.P.s that can work with some kind of limited counting?

NS

$Res(Lin_R)$

PC

$Res(PC_{d,R})$

AC^0 -Frege + Count p

- Res(\oplus) (Itsykson-Sokolov)

- R is a ring, $C := \bigvee_{i < l} f_i$ is a clause where $f_i \in R[\bar{x}]$

- C is true under a Boolean assignment $a \in \{0,1\}^n \iff \exists i < l : f_i(a) = 0$

- Res(PC_R): $(f, g \in R[\bar{x}], a, b \in R)$

Res. rule
$$\frac{C \vee f \quad D \vee g}{C \vee D \vee af + bg}$$

Simp rule

$$\frac{C \vee a}{C} \quad (a \neq 0)$$

Axioms

0

$x_i \vee x_i - 1$

Weak. rule

$$\frac{C}{C \vee f}$$

Mul. rule

$$\frac{C \vee f}{C \vee (g \cdot f)}$$

- In a $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ -der every f has degree at most d
- Let $\pi = C_1, C_2, \dots, C_\ell$ be a $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ -der, then $|\pi| = \ell$ is the size of π
- $S_{d,R}(F) := \text{Min}(|\pi|)$ over all $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ -ref π of F ($S_{d,R}^*$ for tree-like)
- Let $C = \bigvee_{i=1}^{\ell} f_i$, then $w(C) = \ell$
- For a $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ -der $\pi = C_1, C_2, \dots, C_\ell$, $w(\pi) = \text{Max}_{1 \leq i \leq \ell} (w(C_i))$
- $W_{d,R}(F) := \text{Min}(w(\pi))$ over all $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ -ref π of F

• Known LB:

tree-like $\text{Res}(\text{PC}_1, \mathbb{F}_2)$ ($\text{Res}(\text{Lin}_{\mathbb{F}_2}), \text{Res}(\oplus)$)

IS: FPHP_n^m , Lifted $\text{TS}_2(G)$, Lifted Peb_G

Kr: Hall n

GK: Count $_3^n$

Gr: Ordering $_n$, DLO_n

IR: $\text{PMP}_{K_{n+2}, n}$

Pa: $b \notin A(\{0, 1\}^n)$

tree-like $\text{Res}(\text{PC}_1, \mathbb{F}_p)$

PT: FPHP_n^m , $\text{TS}_q(G, \sigma)$, Random K -CNF

$\text{Res}(\text{PC}_1, \mathbb{Q})$

PT: Subset-sum principle

Gen Prover-Delay or

Communication complexity

Lifting

Randomized FIP

size-width + PC

random restriction + PC

tree-like $\text{Res}(\text{PC}_d, \mathbb{F}_2)$

IR: BPHP

Thm. ([BW]) For any CNF $F \notin \text{SAT}$:

1. $w_{\text{Res}}(F) \leq w(F) + \lg(S_{\text{Res}}^*(F))$
2. $w_{\text{Res}}(F) \leq w(F) + O(\sqrt{n \lg(S_{\text{Res}}(F))})$

Thm. (Size-width) Let R be a finite ring and $F \notin \text{SAT}$:

1. $\frac{w_{d,R}(F)}{|R|} - 1 \leq \max\{3, w(F)\} + \lg(3S_{d,R}^*(F))$

2. $\frac{w_{d,R}(F)}{|R|} \leq \max\{3, w(F)\} + O(\sqrt{(n + S_{d,R}(F)) \lg(S_{d,R})})$

- For any $f \in R[\bar{x}]$, q_f is an atomic variable
 \downarrow
 finite

- $Q(f) = q_f$, $Q(C) = \bigvee_{i < \ell} q_{f_i}$ ($C = \bigvee_{i < \ell} f_i$), $Q(\emptyset) = \emptyset$

- $Q'(r) = \begin{cases} f & r = q_f \\ \bigvee_{a \in R \setminus \{0\}} (f - a) & r = \neg q_f \end{cases}$, $Q'(C) = \bigvee_{i < \ell} Q'(r_i)$
 $C = \bigvee_{i < \ell} r_i$
 $Q'(\emptyset) = \emptyset$

• Let π be a $\text{Res}(\text{PC}_{d,R})$ -ref of F .

• Then $E_x(\pi)$ contains the following clauses:

I) $0 \in \pi \Rightarrow \rho_0 \in \bar{E}_x(\pi)$

II) $x \vee x-1 \in \pi \Rightarrow \rho_x \vee \rho_{x-1} \in \bar{E}_x(\pi)$

III) Res rule on f, g to der $af+bg \Rightarrow \neg \rho_f \vee \neg \rho_g \vee \rho_{af+bg} \in \bar{E}_x(\pi)$

IV) Mult rule on f to der $g \cdot f \Rightarrow \neg \rho_f \vee \rho_{g \cdot f} \in E_x(\pi)$

V) Simp rule on $a \neq 0 \Rightarrow \neg \rho_a \in E_x(\pi)$

Lem. Let R be a finite ring, $F \notin \text{SAT}$ and π a $\text{Res}(\text{PC}_{d,R})$ -ref. of F :

I) \exists Res-ref π' of $\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F)$ s.t. $|\pi'| \leq 3|\pi|$. Moreover, if π is tree-like, then π' is also tree-like.

II) $|\mathcal{V}(\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F))| \leq 2n + 3|\pi|$

III) For every clause C' in $\mathcal{V}(\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F))$,

$$\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F) \stackrel{\text{Res}}{\omega} C' \Rightarrow F \stackrel{\text{Res}(\text{PC}_{d,R})}{|R|(\omega+1)} Q'(C')$$

- Proof of size-width relation for $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$:

- Let π be a $\text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ -ref of F s.t. $|\pi| = S_{d,R}(F)$

- By (I) $\Rightarrow S_{\text{Res}}(\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F)) \leq 3S_{d,R}(F)$
- By (II) $\Rightarrow \frac{\omega_{d,R}(F)}{|R|} - 1 \leq \omega_{\text{Res}}(\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F))$

} $\cdot |V(\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F))| \leq 2n + 3S_{d,R}(F)$

- $\omega(\text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F)) = \max\{3, \omega(F)\}$

- BW \Rightarrow Let $F' := \text{Ex}(\pi) \cup Q(F)$, then $\omega_{R_0}(F') \leq \omega(F) + O(\sqrt{|V(F')| \lg S_{\text{Res}}(F')})$

- $\frac{\omega_{d,R}(F)}{|R|} \leq \max\{3, \omega(F)\} + O(\sqrt{(n + S_{d,R}(F)) \lg S_{d,R}(F)})$

□

- For a clause $C = \bigvee_{i < l} f_i$, $h_C := \prod_{i < l} f_i$

LEM. Let F be a CNF and $H_F = \{h_C : C \in F\}$. Then for every finite field \mathbb{F}

and any clause C' in $V(F)$:

$$\mathbb{F} \stackrel{\text{Res}(PC_{d,\mathbb{F}})}{\omega} C' \Rightarrow H_F \stackrel{PC_{\mathbb{F}}}{O(\omega)} h_{C'}$$

\Rightarrow size-width for $\text{Res}(PC_{d,\mathbb{F}}) + PC_{\mathbb{F}}$ degree LB for $F \Rightarrow \text{Res}(PC_{d,R})$ LB for F

- Let $G = (V, E)$ be a directed d -regular graph. For any $(v, u) \in E$ we have a fixed var $x_{v,u}$. Let $\sigma: V \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_q \Rightarrow TS_q(G, \sigma)$ is a CNF encoding of the following equations for every $v \in V$:

$$\left(\sum_{(v,u) \in E} x_{v,u} - \sum_{(u,v)} x_{u,v} \right)^q \equiv \sigma(v)$$

Thm. ([AR]). For any field \mathbb{F} and any prime $q \neq \text{Char}(\mathbb{F})$, $\exists d_q \in \mathbb{N}$ s.t. for any $d \geq d_q$ and G is a d -regular Ramanujan graph on n nodes (its edges have been oriented), then for any σ s.t. $TS_q(G, \sigma) \notin \text{SAT} \Rightarrow PC_{\mathbb{F}}$ -ref degree is $\Omega(dn)$.

$$\Rightarrow S_{d, \mathbb{F}}(TS_q(G, \sigma)) \geq n \frac{2 - \frac{(d, q, n)^2}{q n}}{q n}$$

Thank you!